Ergonomics and occupational health in sugar industry of Pakistan

By

Engr. Muhammad Adeel Ashraf

B.Sc. Agri. Engg. (U.A.F)

2005-ag-2222



A Thesis Submitted in Partial Fulfillment of the Requirement for the Degree of

MASTER OF SCIENCE (Hons) IN AGRI- ENGINEERING

Department of Farm Machinery and Power,

Faculty of Agricultural Engineering and Technology
University of Agriculture
Faisalabad
2011

DECLARATION

I hereby declare that the contents of the thesis "Ergonomics and occupational health in sugar industry of Pakistan" are product of my own research and no part has been copied from any published source (except the reference, standard mathematical or genetic models/ equations/ protocols/ formulate etc). I further declare that this work has not been submitted for award of any other diploma/ degree. The University may take action if the information provided is found inaccurate at any stage. (In case of any default the scholar will be proceeded against as per HEC plagiarism policy).

Signature of student

To,

The controller of Examinations, University of Agriculture, Faisalabad.

We, the supervisory committee, certify that the contents and form of thesis submitted by **Engr. Muhammad Adeel Ashraf, Regd. No. 2005-ag-2222** have been found satisfactory and recommend that it be processed for evaluation by the External Examiner (s) for the award of degree.

SUPERVISORY COMMITTEE:

CHAIRMAN:	
	(Dr. Anjum Munir)
MEMBER:	
	(Prof. Dr. Muhammad Ibqal)
MEMBER:	
	(Prof. Dr. Muhammad Inayat Khan)

DEDICATION

To

My loving and great parents

By virtue of whose prayers,

I have been able to reach this position,

And whose hands are always raised for pray,

For my well being, even at this moment of time,

And under whose feet my heaven lies.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Humblest and sincerest words of thanks to **Almighty Allah.** I invoke Allah's blessing, peace for his Holy Prophet "Muhammad" (Peace be upon him), the messenger of Allah, the most perfect and exalted among and of even born.

The work presented in this manuscript was accomplished under the inspiring guidance, dynamic supervision of **Dr. Anjum Munir**, Assistant Professor, Department of Farm Machinery and Power, UAF. His constant help, keen interest and sympathetic attitude during experiments and preparation of this thesis is gratefully acknowledged.

I am deeply grateful to International Center for Development and Decent work (ICDD) Germany and **Prof. Dr. Oliver Hensel,** Institute of Agricultural Engineering, University of Kassel, Germany for providing me opportunity and finance for achieving quality education under the umbrella of ICDD in Pakistan.

The author takes an opportunity to express his heartiest thanks to **Prof. Dr. Muhammad Ibqal**, Chairman, Department of Farm Machinery and Power, UAF, as a member of the supervisory committee for his sincere advice, valued criticism and suggestions as well as editorial corrections had been of much value during the preparation of this manuscript.

My sincere appreciation are also extended to **Prof. Dr. Muhammad Inayat Khan**, Chairman, Department of Mathematics and Statistics, UAF, for his kind help in the write up of this manuscript.

With a high emotion of benevolence and gratitude from the deepest core of my heart, I feel it a great pleasure to record my sincerest feeling of obligation to Mr. Sultan, Chief Drawing Engineer and management of Shah Taj Sugar Mills Limited, Mandi Bahaudin especially Raja Aamir Bashir, Shahid Mehmood, M. Saleem, M. Jamal and Ahmad Khan Waryaich in other Sugar Mills of Pakistan whose encouraged and provided me necessary facilities throughout the course of this investigation and writing of this manuscript.

Finally, I feel my proud privilege to mention the feelings of obligations towards my colleagues and friends who never let me worry about anything and provided me utmost help in all matters throughout my study program.

LIST OF CONTENTS

		Page
No.	Title	No.
1	INTRODUCTION	1
2	REVIEW OF LITERATRURE	5
3	MATERIALS AND METHODS	11
3.1	Data Acquisition	11
3.2	Research Methodology	13
3.3	Cane Sugar industry	14
3.3.1	Cane handling and Mill house	14
3.3.2	Boiler house	18
3.3.3	Process house	19
3.3.4	Power house	22
3.4	Assessment of working environment in Sugar Mills	24
3.4.1	pH Meter	24
3.4.2	Noise Meter	24
3.4.3	Hardness Test Kit	25
3.4.4	Carbon Monoxide Detector	26
3.4.5	Oxygen Detector	26
3.5	Method of power determination for Main Cane Carrier	27
3.6	Occupational Health and Safety concern in industry	29
3.6.1	Installations equipment, tools and substances	29
3.6.2	Aeration and Temperatures	29
3.6.3	Fire detection and Fire fighting	29
3.6.4	Cleaning	30
3.6.5	First-Aid	30
3.6.6	Personal Protective Equipment	30
3.7	Data Analysis	33

4	RESULTS AND DISCUSSION	34
4.1	Injuries of Workers in Sugar Industries of Pakistan	34
4.1.1	Injuries of Workers at different sections of Sugar Mills	37
4.1.2	Injuries of Workers from year 2001 to 2010 in Sugar Mills	40
4.2	Musculoskeletal disorders (MSDs) symptoms in workerin Sugar Mills	42
4.3	Noise measurement at different Stations of Sugar Mills	44
4.4	Effect of Sugar Mills, Sections of mills and their interaction on Noise level	47
4.4.1	Experiment detail description	47
4.4.2	Effect of Noise Level	47
4.5	Determination of Water Parameters in Sugar Mills	50
4.5.1	Water Hardness level in Sugar Mills	50
4.5.2	pH level of water in Sugar Mills	50
4.6	Determination of Oxygen level at different sections of Sugar Mills	52
4.7	Determination of Safety Equipments for workers	55
4.8	Determination of skill-power of the workers in Sugar Mills	59
4.9	Working condition of machinery in Sugar Mills	64
4.10	Actual total power for the main cane carrier in Sugar Mills	69
4.11	Examining Critical shortfalls in the design of machinery and suggestion to overcome the shortfalls at different sections of Sugar Mill	70
4.12	Examining critical shortfalls in the existing set up of the workplace and suggestion to overcome the shortfalls in sugar mill	80
4.13	Training and Education Program for Operators/workers	81
5	SUMMARY, CONCLUSIONS and RECOMMENDATIONS	83
	LITERATURE CITED	86

List of Tables

Table	Title	Page
No.		No.
3.1	Water hardness criteria by the U.S. Department of Interior and the Water Quality Association	25
3.2	The specification of Oxygen (O2) Detector	26
3.3	Occupational hazards and types of PPE for protection of different body parts of the operators.	31
4.1	Details of injured victims at different sections of sugar mills and cause of injuries during cane crushing season of 2010-11	35
4.2	Analysis of Variance Table for effect of Noise level	49
4.3	Effect of Sugar Mills and Sections on Noise level (dB)	49
4.4	Drinking water parameters of different sugar industries of Pakistan	51
4.5	Power necessary to overcome friction at mean cane carrier in different sugar industries	69
4.6	Power necessary to elevate the cane and actual total power at mean cane carrier in different sugar industries	69
4.7	Expected critical shortfalls in the existing design of machinery and suggestion to overcome the shortfall at Mill House	70
4.8	Expected critical shortfalls in the existing design of machinery and suggestion to overcome the shortfall at Boiler House	73
4.9	Expected critical shortfalls in the existing design of machinery and suggestion to overcome the shortfall at Process House	76
4.10	Expected critical shortfalls in the existing design of machinery and suggestion to overcome the shortfall at Power House	78
4.11	The expected critical shortfalls in the existing Set up of the workplace in sugar mills of Pakistan	80
4.12	Workers Training and education Record	82

List of Figures

Figure	Title	Page
No.		No.
3.1	Research methodology flowchart	13
3.2	Flow chart of cane handling unit and mill house in sugar mills	15
3.3	Conventional feeding table	16
3.4	Layout of cane shredder	16
3.5	Traditional three-rollers	17
3.6	Flow chart of boiler house in sugar mills	19
3.7	Flow chart of process house in sugar mills	20
3.8	Desription of centrifugal station	21
3.9	Working of Clarifier in Sugar Mills	21
3.10	Flow chart of power house in sugar mills	22
3.11	Cross section of condensing turbine	23
3.12	Safety equipments for the industrial workers	32
4.1	Picture shows finger injury of the worker during working at mill house	36
4.2	Picture shows the worker hand injury at ID fan in boiler house	36
4.3	It is shown that arm of the worker was cut at cane cutter in mill house	36
4.4	It is shown that fingers of the worker were injured at boiler furnace	36
4.5	Number of injuries of workers at different sections of sugar mills in Pakistan	37
4.6	Number of injuries of workers in sugar milla of Pakistan from year 2001 to 2010 during cane crushing seasons	41
4.7	Number of Musculoskeletal Disorder symptoms in different body regions of the workers in sugar industries of Pakistan	43
4.8	Percentage (%) of Musculoskeletal Disorder symptoms in different body regions of the workers in the sugar industries of Pakistan	43
4.9	Noise level in (dB) at different stations of sugar mills (Error bars indicate standard error)	45
4.10	Experiments for the determination of water hardness and pH level of drinking water	51
4.11	Percentage of oxygen (O2) level by vol. at different sections of sugar mills in Pakistan	54
4.12	Percentage of worker provided safety equipments at different sections of sugar mills	57

4.13	Information was collected about safety equipments at Alhudah sugar	58
	mill	
4.14	Information was collected about safety equipments at Crescent sugar mill	58
4.15	Information was collected about safety equipments at Hussain sugar mill	58
4.16	Information was collected about safety equipment and training program at Shah Taj sugar mill	58
4.17	Total number of workers, skilled workers, semi skilled and un-skilled workers at different sections of sugar mill in Shah Taj	61
4.18	Total number of workers, skilled workers, semi skilled and un-skilled workers at different sections of sugar mill in Alhudah	61
4.19	Total number of workers, skilled workers, semi skilled and un-skilled workers at different sections of sugar mill in Crescent	62
4.20	Total number of workers, skilled workers, semi skilled and un-skilled workers at different sections of sugar mill in Hussain	62
4.21	Total number of workers, skilled workers, semi skilled and un-skilled workers at different sections of sugar mill in Haseeb Waqas	63
4.22	Total number of workers, skilled workers, semi skilled and un-skilled workers at different sections of sugar mill in Henza	63
4.23	Present working conditions of the equipments in (%) with reference to ergonomics and occupational health in Shsh Taj mill	66
4.24	Present working conditions of the equipments in (%) with reference to ergonomics and occupational health in Alhudah mill	66
4.25	Present working conditions of the equipments in (%) with reference to ergonomics and occupational health in Crescent mill	67
4.26	Present working conditions of the equipments in (%) with reference to ergonomics and occupational health in Hussain mill	67
4.27	Present working conditions of the equipments in (%) with reference to ergonomics and occupational health in Haseeb Waqas mill	68
4.28	Present working conditions of the equipments in (%) with reference to ergonomics and occupational health in Hunza mill	68
4.29	To point out shortfall in the yoke chain for main cane carrier	72
4.30	To point out shortfall at main cane carrier and cane cutter	72
4.31	To point out shortfall at feeding table carrier and Platform	72
4.32	To point out shortfall at milling station (mill house)	72
4.33	To point out pins of chain broken during running condition	75
4.34	To point out shortfall at boiler furnace	75
4.35	To point out breakage at the pulley of ID fan	75
4.36	To point out shortfall at boiler water tubes	75

4.37	To point out shortfall at defection tank and Juice heater	77
4.38	To point out shortfall at centrifugal station	77
4.39	To point out shortfall at evaporator section	77
4.40	To point out breakage at pan station	77
4.41	To point out any shortfall at Control panel in Crescent sugar mill	79
4.42	To point out any shortfall at Turbines in Crescent sugar mill	79
4.43	To point out any shortfall at Turbines in Hussain sugar mill	79
4.44	To point out any shortfall at Generator in Shah Taj sugar mill	79

List of APPENDIX

APPENDIX – A

Table No.	Title	Page No.
A1	Technical data of sugar industries of Pakistan	90
A2	Noise level in (dB) at different stations of sugar mills	91
A3	The detailed description of experiment to study the Effect of Noise level	92

APPENDIX - B

Table No.	Title	Page No.
B1	Specification of the equipments at cane handling unit and mill house	93
B2	Specification of the equipments at boiler house	94
В3	Specification of the equipments at process house	95
B4	Specification of the equipments at power house	96

APPENDIX - C

Figure No.	Title	Page No.
C1	Geometry of rollers of crushing mills	97
C2	Arrangement for Donnelly chute into pressure feeder	98
C3	Working of Boiler in Sugar Mills	99
C4	A typical scheme for juice processing	100

Abstract

Ergonomics is a science of designing user interaction with equipment and workplaces to fit the user. The introduction of hazardous technologies in industry and agriculture has resulted in high accident rates, occupational diseases, and unhealthy working environments. Proper ergonomic design is necessary to prevent repetitive strain injuries, which can develop over time and may lead to long-term disability. The present research was conducted on sugar industry of Pakistan to analyze the ergonomics and occupational health status. There were frequent injuries and accidents in sugar industries but a little work had been done on ergonomics and occupational health of workers. For this purpose, questionnaires were prepared and surveys of different sugar industries were conducted to gather both qualitative and quantitative data. The data was covered all the sections of the sugar mills viz. cane handling units, cane preparatory units, mills house, boiler house, process house, power house and workshop etc. The research was not only focused on ergonomic and occupation health study but also included the suggestion and modification in the existing design to work at safe working level. Instruments like sound meter, pH meter, Hardness test kit, CO and O2 detector etc were also employed to conduct data regarding ergonomics and occupational health. During survey of sugar industries it was seen that in sugar industries of Pakistan average 15% to 20% workers were injured in every industry in each year at their workstations. It was also observed that the average 40% workers were equipped with safety measures while remaining workers worked without safety equipments, the average 30% to 40% workers were trained and remaining workers had no training and education about the machinery operation and very poor working condition existed for the workers. It was observed in sugar mills average 50% to 60% machines were working well but they needed preventive maintenance during operation and 10% machines had completed their life span. In sugar mills average 85 to 112 dB noise levels were exposed by the machines that were the key causes of human mistakes leading to increase accident rate. The practical concern of this thesis was to improve the design of the workstation as well as to improve a worker's safe manipulation of tools and equipment and control of machinery.